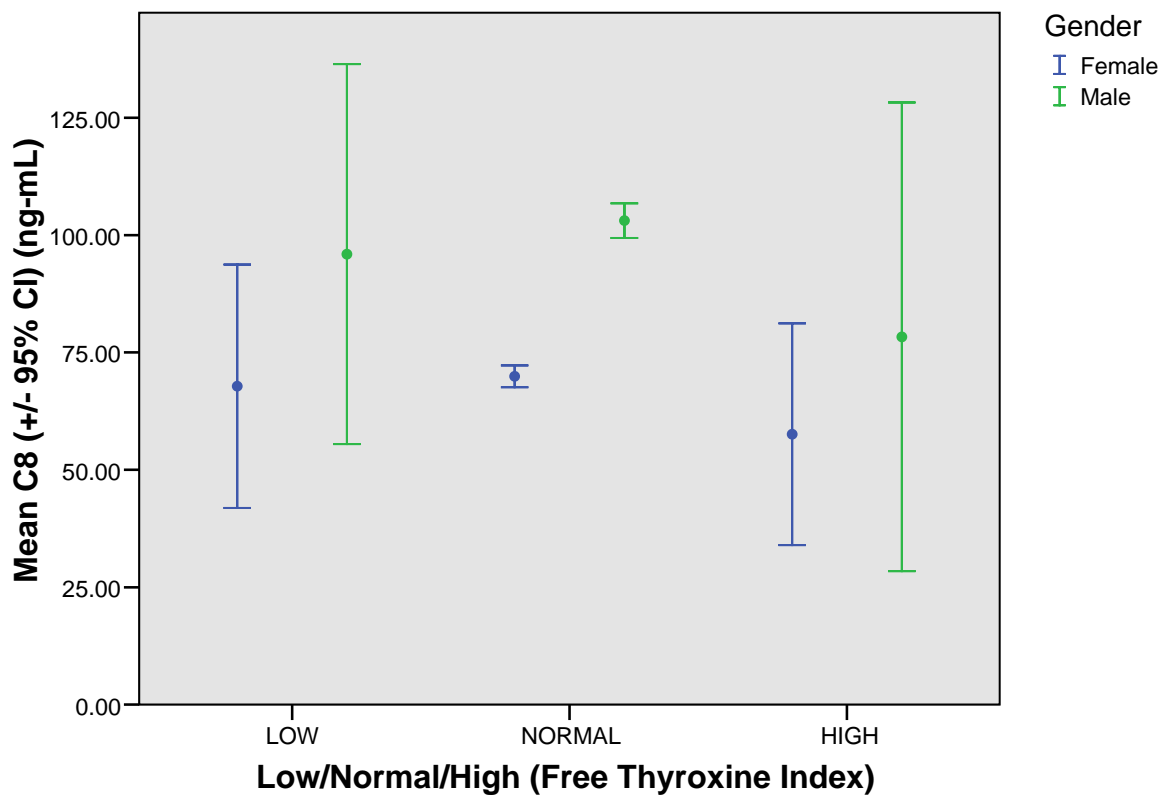


## Serum C8 By Free Thyroxine Index Levels In Participants $\geq 18$ Years Of Age

C8 (ng-mL)

Free Thyroxine Index	Gender	N	Mean
LOW	Female	159	67.8006
	Male	93	95.9452
	Total	252	78.1873
NORMAL	Female	29172	69.9192
	Male	26541	103.0828
	Total	55713	85.7179
HIGH	Female	49	57.5837
	Male	21	78.3190
	Total	70	63.8043
Total	Female	29380	69.8871
	Male	26655	103.0384
	Total	56035	85.6567

## Serum C8 By Free Thyroxine Index Levels In Participants $\geq 18$ Years Of Age



Low  $< 1.2$ , Normal  $1.2-4.9$ , High  $> 4.9$

Source: LABCORP SAMPLE TEST

The WVU website is a communication vehicle to depict associations or their absence for public use. These tables and graphs show many comparisons between lab tests and corresponding population serum PFOA (C8) levels. When it appears that there is a clear relationship between serum C8 and a clinical laboratory value, the meaning of that relationship still requires thought and discussion. Some of the relationships, while real, are weak and not likely to be important. Several are strong, interesting and potentially important, and none of them can be taken to show an etiologic (cause and effect) relationship or its absence without more work. When it comes to causes, scientists interpret these preliminary data with deference to additional work that needs to be done.

These data concerning associations are for public use. They will receive additional collaborative work in peer review format. We hope they prompt public curiosity and suggestions of interested scientists.