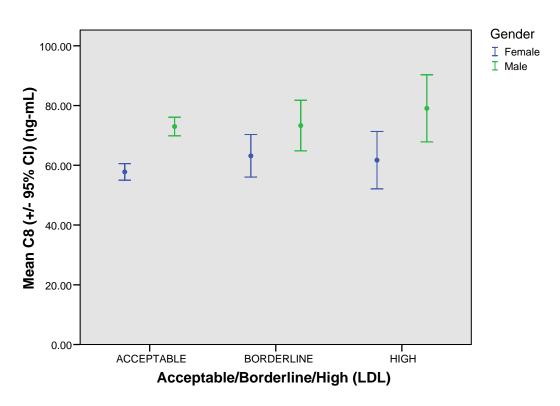
Serum C8 By Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol Levels In Participants >=2 And <20 Years Of Age C8 (ng-mL)

LDL	Gender	N	Mean
ACCEPTABLE	Female	4890	57.7743
	Male	5369	72.9717
	Total	10259	65.7278
BORDERLINE	Female	787	63.1572
	Male	636	73.2877
	Total	1423	67.6850
HIGH	Female	428	61.7075
	Male	352	79.0574
	Total	780	69.5372
Total	Female	6105	58.7439
	Male	6357	73.3403
	Total	12462	66.1897

Serum C8 By Low Density Lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol Levels In Participants >=2 And <20 Years Of Age



Acceptable <100, Borderline 110-130, High >130 (Units: mg/dL) Source: http://www.americanheart.org/presenter.jhtml?identifier=4499

Th se cli of ar re	he WVU website is a communication vehicle to depict associations or their absence for public use. hese tables and graphs show many comparisons between lab tests and corresponding population erum PFOA (C8) levels. When it appears that there is a clear relationship between serum C8 and a inical laboratory value, the meaning of that relationship still requires thought and discussion. Some the relationships, while real, are weak and not likely to be important. Several are strong, interesting and potentially important, and none of them can be taken to show an etiologic (cause and effect) elationship or its absence without more work. When it comes to causes, scientists interpret these reliminary data with deference to additional work that needs to be done.
	hese data concerning associations are for public use. They will receive additional collaborative work in eer review format. We hope they prompt public curiosity and suggestions of interested scientists.