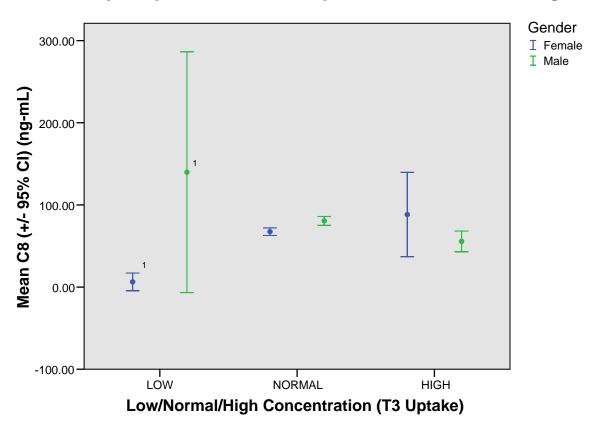
## Serum C8 By T3 Uptake Levels In Participants >=7 And <13 Years Of Age C8 (ng-mL)

T3 Uptake	Gender	N	Mean
LOW	Female	2	6.3500
	Male	5	139.8600
	Total	7	101.7143
NORMAL	Female	1991	67.4435
	Male	2037	80.5782
	Total	4028	74.0858
HIGH	Female	22	88.3136
	Male	178	55.6292
	Total	200	59.2245
Total	Female	2015	67.6107
	Male	2220	78.7113
	Total	4235	73.4297

## Serum C8 By T3 Uptake Levels In Participants >=7 And <13 Years Of Age



Females: Low <22, Normal 22-35, High >36 (Units: %) Males: Low <24, Normal 24-33, High >33 (Units: %)

Source: http://www.labcorp.com/datasets/labcorp/html/chapter/mono/ri009900.htm

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Note, very small sample size.

Th se cli of ar re	he WVU website is a communication vehicle to depict associations or their absence for public use. hese tables and graphs show many comparisons between lab tests and corresponding population erum PFOA (C8) levels. When it appears that there is a clear relationship between serum C8 and a inical laboratory value, the meaning of that relationship still requires thought and discussion. Some the relationships, while real, are weak and not likely to be important. Several are strong, interesting and potentially important, and none of them can be taken to show an etiologic (cause and effect) elationship or its absence without more work. When it comes to causes, scientists interpret these reliminary data with deference to additional work that needs to be done.
	hese data concerning associations are for public use. They will receive additional collaborative work in eer review format. We hope they prompt public curiosity and suggestions of interested scientists.